ZIMBABWE SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION ORDINARY LEVEL

SOCIOLOGY 4045/1

PAPER 1 Structured

NOVEMBER 2020 SESSION 2 hours 30 minutes

Additional materials:
Answer paper

TIME 2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the answer paper/answer booklet.

Answer **five** questions.

Write your answers on the separate answer paper provided.

If you use more than one sheet of paper, fasten the sheets together.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

This question paper consists of 4 printed pages.

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[Turn over

1 Society is responsible for protecting the rights of children.

(a) Define the term *society*. [2]

(b) Describe any **two** types of society. [4]

(c) Explain **three** social institutions in society. [6]

(d) How effective is your society in protecting the rights of children? [8]

2 The family institution in Zimbabwe is mainly responsible for enforcing different values.

(a) What are *values*? [2]

(b) Describe any **two** values taught by the family in your community. [4]

(c) Explain any **three** ways of enforcing values in children. [6]

(d) Examine any **four** challenges faced by Zimbabwean families in enforcing values. [8]

3 Folktales have been used since time immemorial by many societies.

(a) Define the term *folktale*. [2]

(b) Describe any **two** features of folktales. [4]

(c) Explain any **three** functions of folktales. [6]

(d) To what extent are folktales relevant in the modern society? [8]

4 Special needs education has become central in the teaching and learning processes.

(a) What is meant by *special needs education*? [2]

(b) List any **four** groups of learners with special needs. [4]

(c) Explain any **three** challenges facing learners with special needs. [6]

(d) To what extent are schools assisting learners with special needs? [8]

5 Social stratification exists in all human societies.

(a) Define the term *social stratification.* [2]

(b) Describe any **two** forms of social stratification. [4]

(c) Explain **three** effects of social stratification. [6]

(d) Demonstrate how the government of Zimbabwe addressed issues of stratification. [8]

6 Both print and electronic media are very important in the transmission of information.

(a) Define *electronic media.* [2]

(b) List any **four** examples of electronic media. [4]

(c) Explain any **three** advantages of newspapers. [6]

(d) Compare and contrast print and electronic media. [8]

7 The updated curriculum intends to groom a learner who will have strong enterprising skills.

(a) Define the term *enterprise.* [2]

(b) List any **four** enterprising skills. [4]

(c) Explain any **three** business units. [6]

(d) Discuss any **four** ways in which technical and vocational training promote enterprising. [8]

8 Brain drain is a serious problem that affect most developing countries.

(a) What is *brain drain?* [2]

(b) Differentiate between pull and push factors of migration. [4]

(c) Explain any **three** effects of brain drain. [6]

(d) To what extent does migration affect child protection? [8]

9 Law enforcement agents in Zimbabwe operate under the government, each with clearly defined functions.

(a) What are *law enforcement agents*? [2]

(b) List any **four** examples of law enforcement agents in Zimbabwe. [4]

(c) Explain any **three** functions of law enforcement agents in Zimbabwe. [6]

(d) To what extent are law enforcement agents upholding child protection rights? [8]

10 The natural disasters happening today disturb communities and nations at large.

(a) Define the term *disaster*. [2]

(b) Describe any **two** types of disaster. [4]

(c) Explain any **three** human activities that cause disasters. [6]

(d) Discuss how disasters affect the society. [8]